

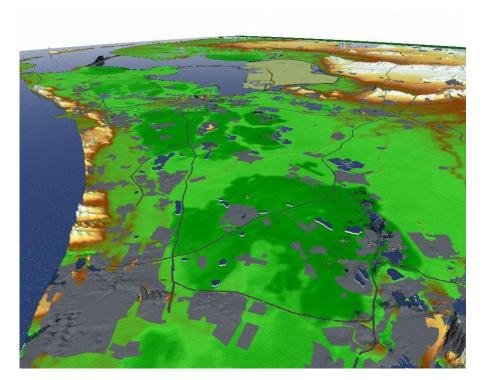
Biofuel Policies in the Netherlands

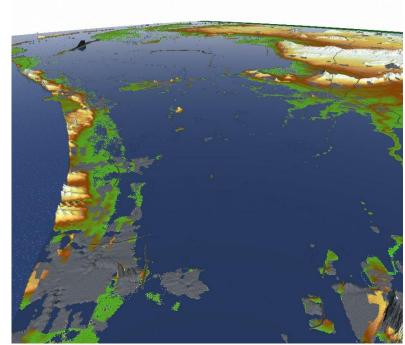
Ir. Kees W. Kwant





Netherlands now and in the year ???









EU 2020 Targets

- Renewable Energy Directive
 - Minimum of 10% renewable energy in transport in 2020
 - Electric, biofuels, biogas
 - At least applicable to road transport, opt in for shipping/air
 - Double counting 2nd generation biofuels (waste/residues/cellulosic)

Fuel Quality Directive

- Life Cycle Analysis, CO2-reduction of 6% compared to 2010
- Looks at the whole chain of production and use of fuels
- No double counting 2nd generation biofuels



Concerns about biofuels

Competition with food (price spikes 2007/2008)

Land use change (direct and indirect)

- Loss of biodiversity
- Loss of GHG sinks
- Other sustainability effects:
 - Locally: soil, water, air
 - Social (poverty, land rights)









EU Sustainability Requirements

- For biofuels and other bio liquids for energy purposes:

 - Biodiversity: no go areas
 - Carbon sinks: preservation of status of areas
 - EU: cross compliance requirements (agriculture and nature protection)
 - Reporting requirements: food security and food prices, ILO, land security
- For waste, residues and solid biomass:
 - Waste and residues (not from agriculture, aquaculture, fishery, forest): only GHG-emission requirement
 - For solid biomass for energy possibility of national sustainability requirements









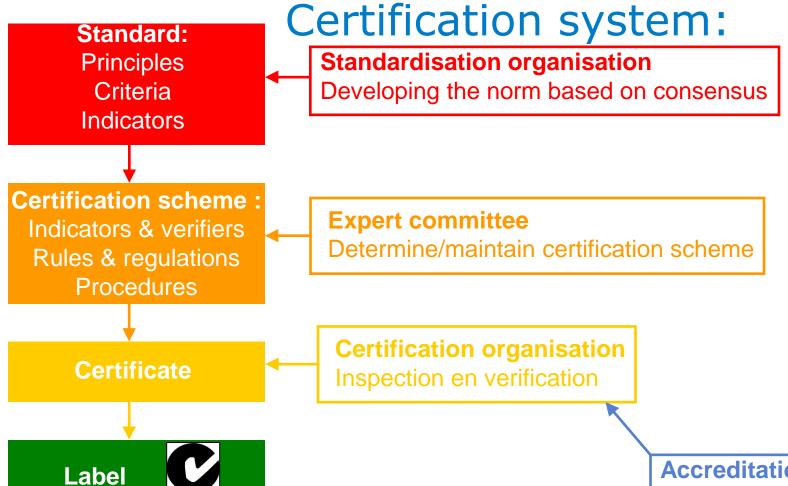
Voluntary certification schemes

- Schemes being developed by consortia / roundtables
 - Bonsucro (formerly BSI, sugarcane)
 www.bettersugarcane.com
 - ISCC <u>www.iscc-system.org</u>
 - NTA 8080/8081 <u>www.sustainable-biomass.org</u>
 - REDcert <u>www.redcert.org</u>
 - RSB <u>www.rsb.epfl.ch</u>
 - RSPO (palm oil) <u>www.rspo.org</u>
 - RTRS (soy) <u>www.responsiblesoy.org</u>
- Schemes being developed by companies
 - Abengoa (RED Bioenergy Sustainability Assurance)
 - Greenergy: <u>www.greenenergy.com</u>
 - French stakeholders 2BSvs
 - Nesté Oil
 - Red Tractor http://www.nfuonline.com/News/Red-Tractor-scheme-proposed-for-biofuels/
 - SEKAB/UNICA <u>www.sustainableethanolinitiative.com</u> November 16, 2015

ROUNDTABLE ON SUSTAINABLE BIOFUELS





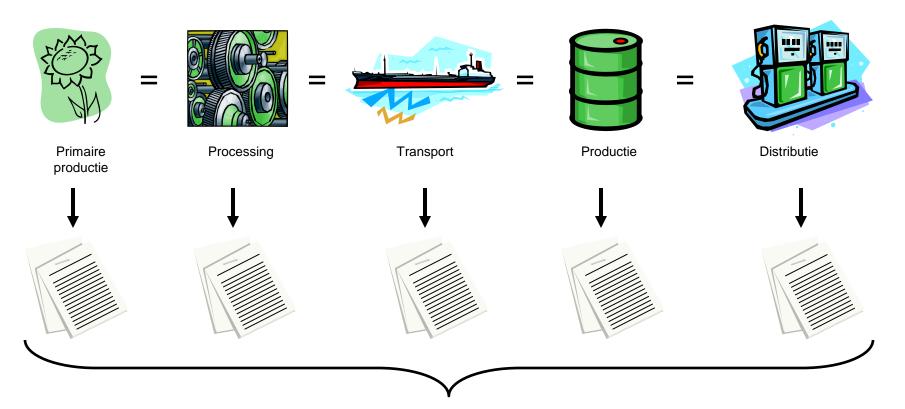


Accreditation body
Control





Chain of Custody



"evidence"

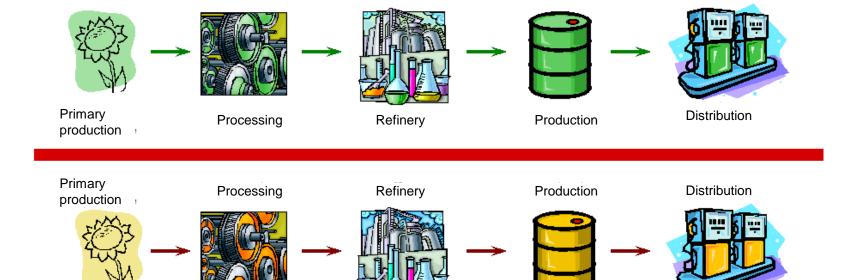




Segragation: Chain of custody

• Segregation (= 100% mass balance)

Certified chain



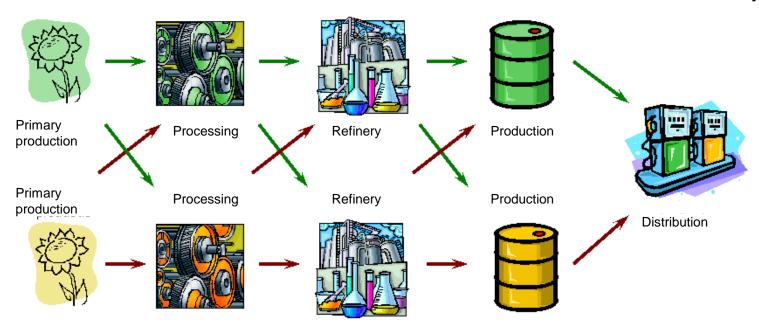
Regular (uncertified) chain





Mass Balance: Chain of custody

 Mass balance (required by RED, 2009/28/EC)

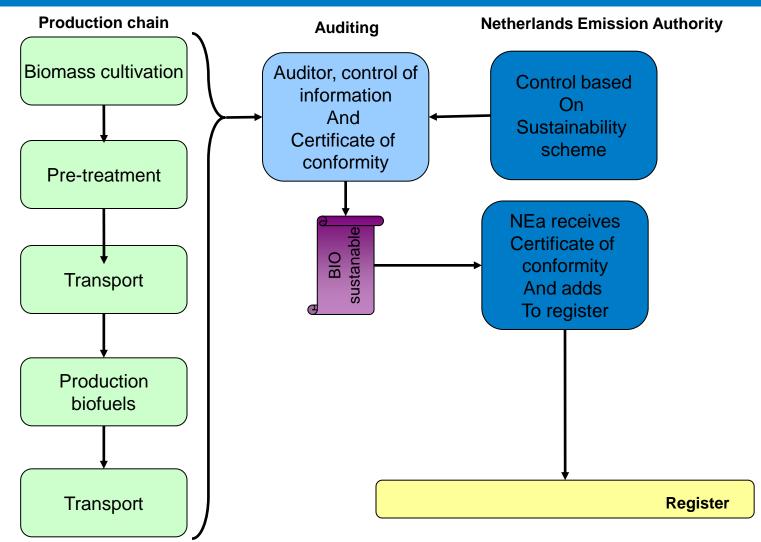


Regular (uncertified) chain

Certified chain











Practical implementation

- Fuel suppliers have an obligation (e.g. 2014 5,5% and 2015 6,25%) written in Environmental Law, article 9.7
- Dutch Emission Authority (NEA) is registering and controlling the Dutch biofuel market
- Sustainabilty must be shown bij an adopted voluntary certification system incl. independent audit
 - We have a mass balance system.
 - 25% carry over to next year
- NEA controls and in case obligation is not met, or fraud is expected the prosecutor is informed and action taken
- Taxes on biofuels are the same as for fossil fuels (about 150%_ Consumer pays 1.3 €/liter diesels in NL)





New register from 2015 on

- A fuel supplier in the chain of custody notice renewable fuel at NEA
 - Book into register
 - Pure or blend



- Gets renewable energy tickets HBE's (Biotickets) on account in register
 - Amount of energy may only traded once.
 - Fuel is for NL transport market, not allowed to export
 - HBE's can be used to fulfill target and show compliance to sustainability criteria or may be traded between parties with over- and under output 1 HBE =1GJ





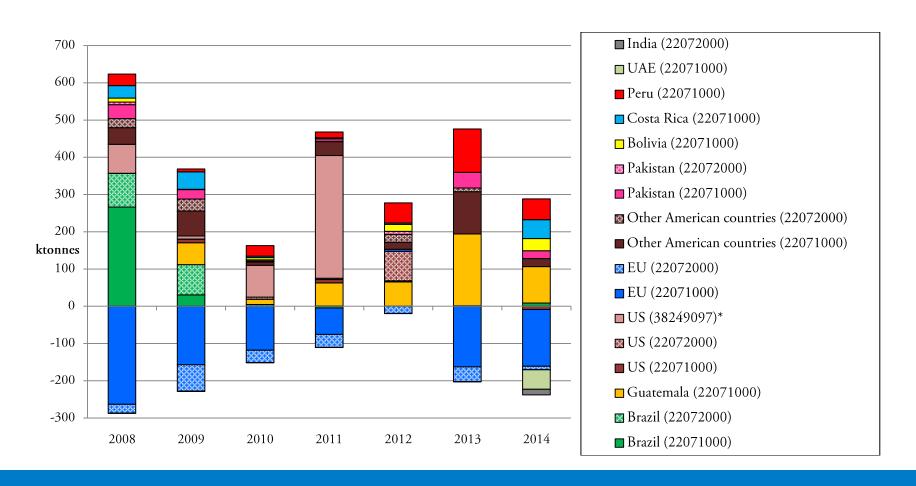
Biofuel volumes

- Tax codes:
 - undenatured alcohol: CN 22071000
 - Denatured ethanol: CN 22072000
 - > Not drinkable; spiritus, blended with methanol/ petrol
 - Chemical compound: CN 38249097
- Trading with different countries,
 - Different tax regimes over time





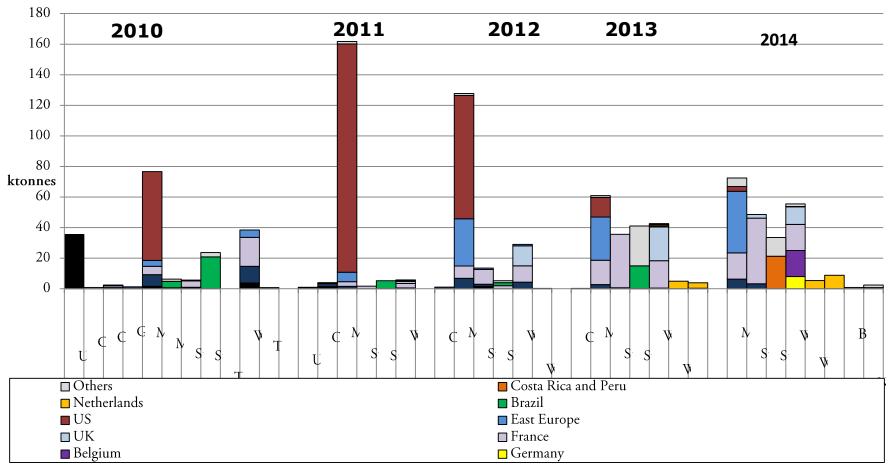
Ethanol trade to/from different countries







Agricultural source of bioethanol use in NL



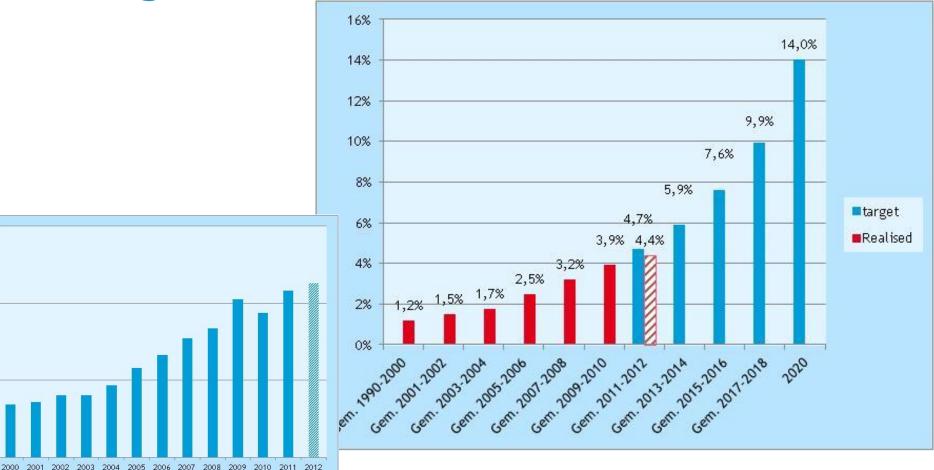


Biofuels contribute to Renewable Energy Obligation RED (COM 2009/28)





RE targets: RED: 2020: 14%

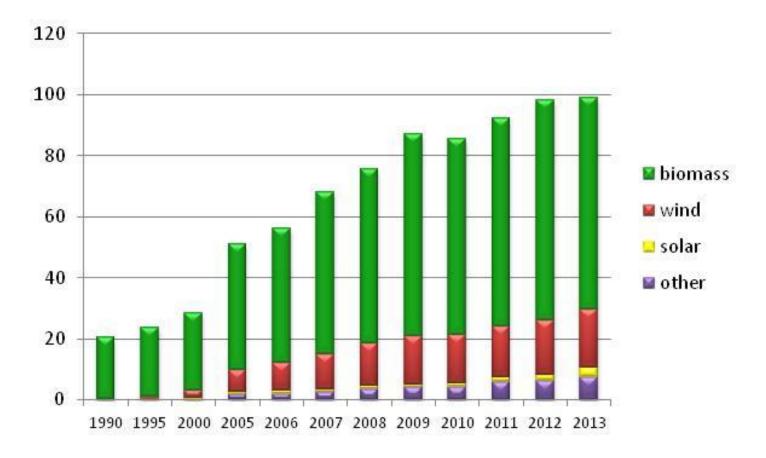






Results: About 70% realised with Bioenergy

PJ

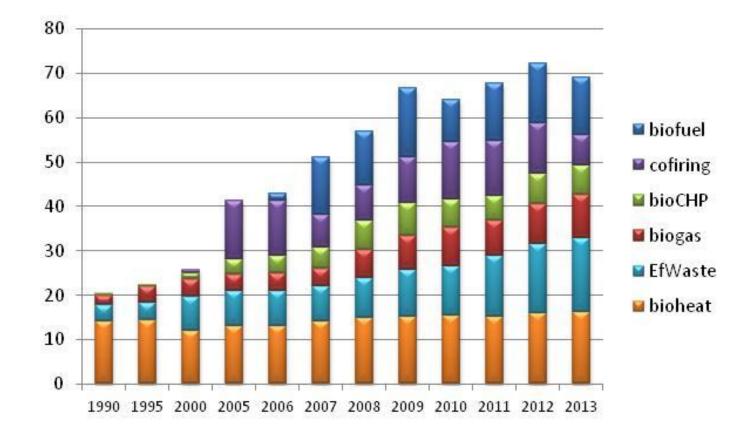






Bioenergy implementation Netherlands

PJ





Conclusion





Conclusion

- Biofuels part of Renewable Energy and part of Biobased Economy
- Integration: Energy, Waste, Agriculture, Chemical sectors

Biobased policies need to take an integrating approach