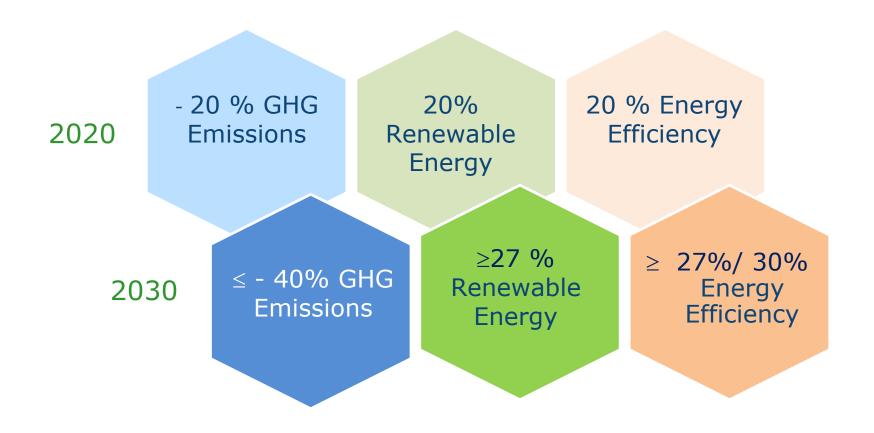


CLEAN ENERGY FOR ALL EUROPEANS

THE ROLE OF **BIOENERGY**

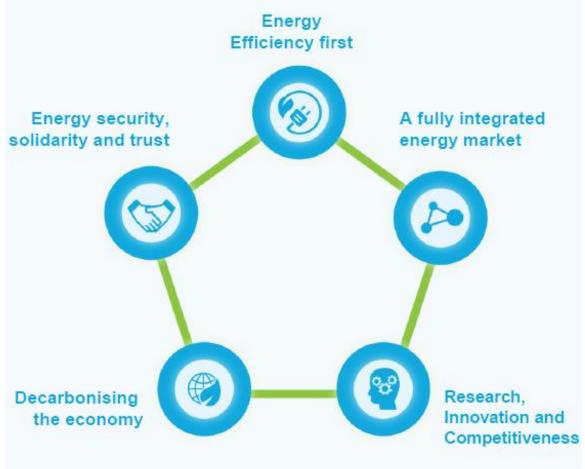
Giulio Volpi European Commission, DG Energy

2020-2030 CLIMATE AND ENERGY TARGETS





AN ENERGY UNION BASED ON 5 MUTUALLY SUPPORTIVE AND INTERLINKED DIMENSIONS



THE CLEAN ENERGY PACKAGE



Energy Union Governance



Energy Efficiency

(Energy Efficiency Directive, Energy Performance of Buildings Directive)



Renewables

(Revised Renewable Energy Directive)







Enabling





Energy prices and costs report



HOW DOES IT LOOK LIKE?





GOALS OF THE CLEAN ENERGY PACKAGE

CREATING JOBS & GROWTH, REDUCING GHG EMISSIONS, SECURING ENERGY SUPPLY



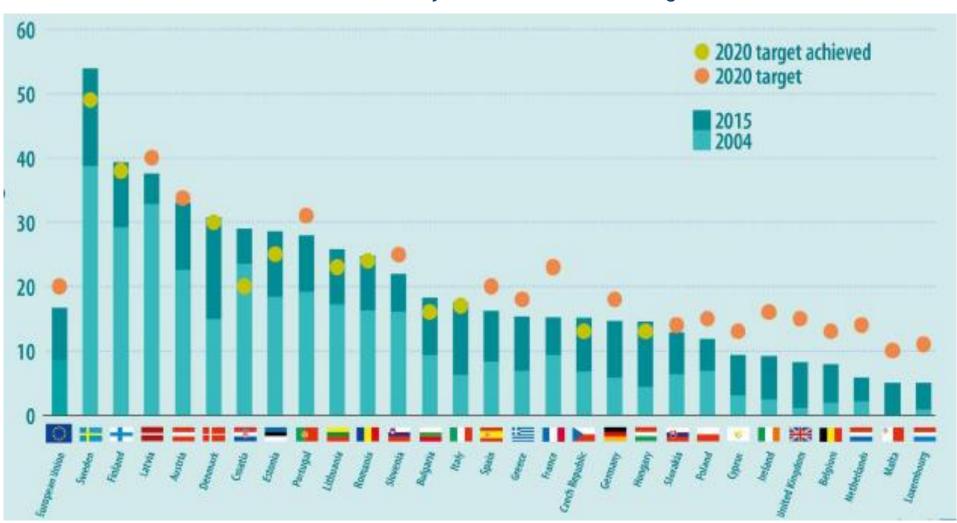






PROGRESS ON RENEWABLE ENERGY TARGETS

- Renewables share in energy consumption at almost 17% in 2015
- 11 Member States already achieved their 2020 targets



THE REVISED RENEWABLE ENERGY DIRECTIVE

 Updated objectives and Consumers: GOs and definitions self-consumers Art 1-2 Art 19-22 Binding Union target Heating and Cooling Art 23-24 Art 3 Support schemes and Transport mandate renewable electricity Art 4-6 Art 25 Target calculation and Bioenergy sustainability joint projects Art 7-14 Art 26-28 Admin procedures and • Implementing measures, delegation, repeal training Art 15-18 Art 29-34



TOWARDS A NEW CLEAN ENERGY GOVERNANCE

2020

National binding targets adding to 20% RES

Specific renewable transport target

National renewable energy plans

EU binding target: at least 27 % RES share 2020 targets as baseline

2030

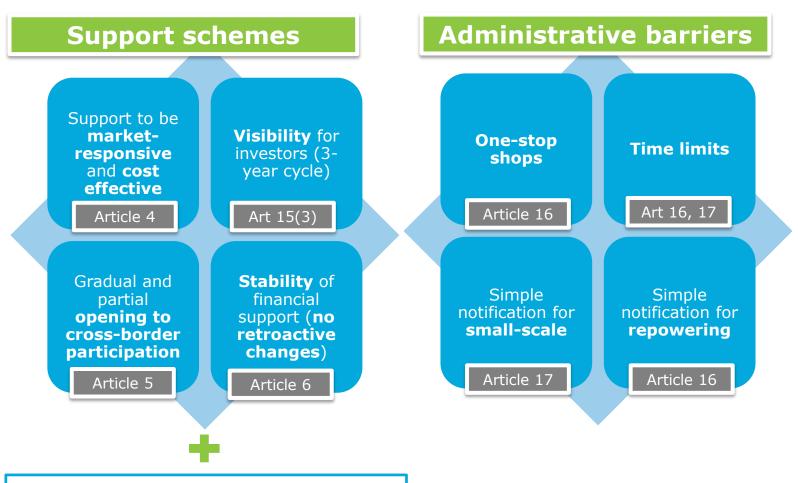
No specific sectorial targets

Integrated climate & energy plans





ADDRESSING ECONOMIC AND ADMINISTRATIVE BARRIERS



STATE AID RULES

1. Guidelines

2. Case by case notifications to and assessment by DG COMP



EMPOWERING CITIZENS AND COMMUNITIES



Renewable self-consumers to be allowed to generate, store, sell and consume their own electricity (linked to art. 15 Electricity Directive)



Renewable self-consumers in multifamily houses to be allowed to generate, store, sell and consume their electricity jointly



No disproportionate procedures and charges that are not reflective



Specific provisions for energy communities (linked to art. 15 Electricity Directive)



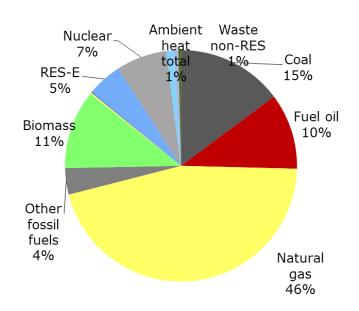
Improved Guarantees of Origin for better consumer information (art. 19)



PROMOTING RENEWABLES IN HEATING & COOLING

Why act at EU-level?

- $\approx 50\%$ energy consumption
- 18% RES today => 27% in 2030
- 68% of the EU's gas imports
- Risk of missing target if no action



Article 23 –RES in heating/cooling

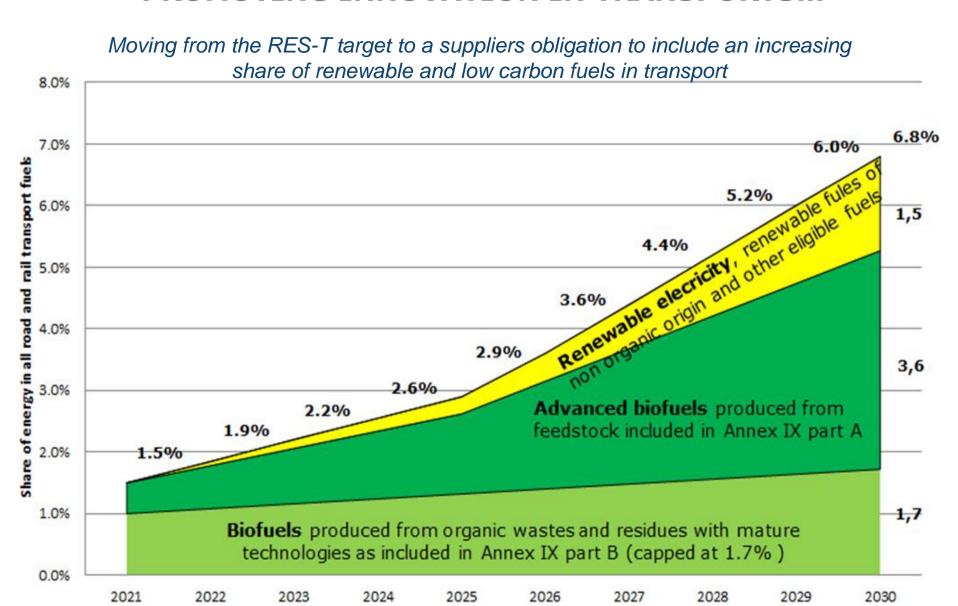
- MS "shall endeavour to increase" the share of RES-H&C by 1pp/year
- Flexibility on the measures
- Flexibility on implementing entities
- Possible combination with EED Art 7

Article 24 - District heating/cooling

- Consumers' information on DHC energy performance and RES share
- Consumers can disconnect, if they can achieve a higher performance, or switch within the DHC system to RES/waste heat suppliers
- Opens DHC for RES/waste energy suppliers

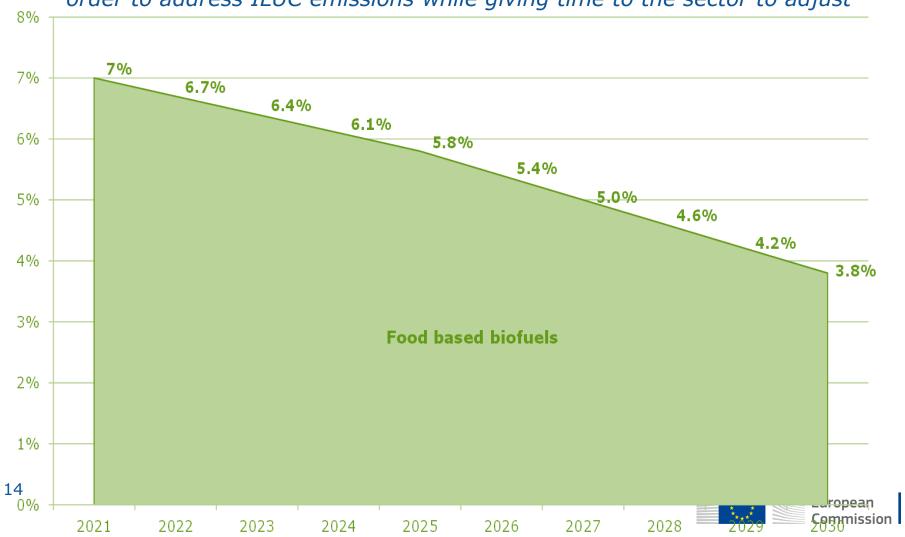


PROMOTING INNOVATION IN TRANSPORTS...

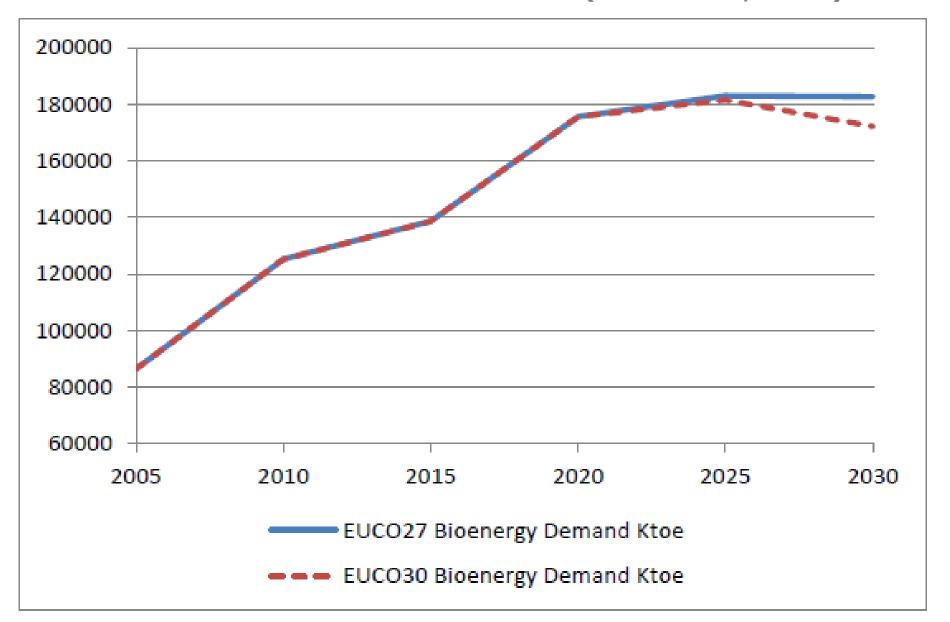


...WHILE MOVING AWAY FROM FOOD-BASED BIOFUELS

Gradual reduction of crop-based biofuels from 7% in 2020 to 3.8% in 2030 in order to address ILUC emissions while giving time to the sector to adjust



EU BIOENERGY DEMAND GROWTH (2005-2030, KTOE)



STRENGTHENED BIOENERGY SUSTAINABILITY CRITERIA

- Sustainability criteria for same feedstock independent of final use
- End use performance criteria for biofuels, biomass and biogas

Sustainability criteria

agri

agriculture biomass – kept/streamlined existing sustainability criteria (e.g. no-go areas) (full harmonization)

forest

forest biomass – new risk-based criteria on biodiversity and carbon management (minimum requirement, Member States can go beyond)

End-use performance criteria

BHB

biofuels/bioliquid - GHG savings increased to 70% for new installations

heat and electricity from biomass (20 MW_{fuel}) and biogas (0.5 MW_{el}) - new GHG saving requirement: 80% for new plants in 2021 (85% in 2026)

efficiency

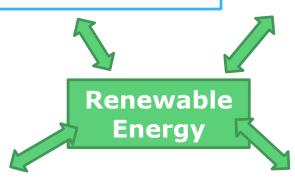
Cogeneration requirement for all new bioelectricity plants (20 MW_{fuel}), 3-year transition period + exceptions for security of supply.



INTERACTIONS WITH OTHER PARTS OF THE PACKAGE

Governance Regulation

- Integrated national energy and climate plans (art 3, art 13)
- Integrated national energy and climate reports (art 15, art 18)
- Response to insufficient ambition and progress (art 27)
- Commission recommendations (art 28)



Energy efficiency

- Energy savings obligation (art 7)
- Metering obligations for H&C (art 9a)



Electricity Regulation

- Balancing responsibility (art 4)
- Balancing market rules (art 5)
- DA and ID market rules (art 6-7)
- Priority dispatch (art 11)
- Priority access / curtailment (art 12)
- Network planning (art 12)
- T&D network tariffs (art 16)
- Network codes on curtailment + grid tariffs (incl. connection charges) + ancillary services (art 55)

Electricity Directive

- Entitlement to a dynamic price contract (art 11)
- Aggregators (art 13, art 17)
- Active / self-consumers' rights (art 15)
- Local energy communities' rights (art 16)
- Smart metering (art 19-21)
- Ancillary services by DSOs (art 31) and TSOs (art 40)
- Integration of electro-mobility in networks (art 33)

Energy efficiency buildings

 Charging points / pre-cabling requirements (art 8)



NEXT STEPS

The starting point The co-decision process The goal **EU INSTITUTIONAL TRIANGLE** COMMISSION members nominated Clean by EU states energy for all proposes legislation Europeans Growth COUNCIL PARLIAMENT Jobs governments directly **Innovation** of the 25 states elected jointly decide___ on legislation End 2018/Early 30 Nov 2016 2017/2018 2019?





http://ec.europa.eu/energy/en/topics/renew able-energy

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